Financial Statements of

# PARTNERS IN MISSION FOOD BANK

Year ended December 31, 2016



KPMG LLP 863 Princess Street, Suite 400 Kingston ON K7L 5N4 Canada Telephone 613-549-1550 Fax 613-549-6349

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the Partners in Mission Food Bank

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Partners in Mission Food Bank, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2016, the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

## Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Partners in Mission Food Bank derives revenue from donations, gifts in-kind and non-receipted income, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the entity and we were not able to determine whether, as at or for the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, any adjustments might be necessary to revenue, excess of revenue over expenses, current assets and net assets.

## **Qualified Opinion**

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Partners in Mission Food Bank as at December 31, 2016, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

May 5, 2017

Kingston, Canada

KPMG LLP

Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2016

## **Financial Statements**

Statement of Financial Position	1
Statement of Operations	2
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	3
Statement of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Financial Statements	5

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015

		2016		2015
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	357,762	\$	334,301
Accounts receivable and accrued interest		31,147		38,853
Investments, current portion		-		257,210
		388,909		630,364
Investments, non-current portion		263,285		-
Capital assets (note 4)		415,168		447,289
	\$	1,067,362	\$	1,077,653
Liabilities and Net Assets  Current liabilities:	•	00.405	•	00.444
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6)	\$	39,425	\$	38,414
Deferred capital contributions		176,309		189,866
Net assets:				
Unrestricted		231,589		210,770
Internally restricted - operating reserve fund Internally restricted - capital reserve fund		250,000 131,180		250,000 131,180
Investment in capital assets (note 3)		238,859		257,423
mivestment in capital assets (note 5)		851,628		849,373
	\$	1,067,362	\$	1,077,653
Son accompanying notes to financial statements	•	.,00.,00=	<u> </u>	.,,
See accompanying notes to financial statements.				
On behalf of the Board:				
Director				

Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015

		2016		2015
Revenue:				
Donated food (gifts-in-kind)	\$	2,360,596	\$	1,466,778
Non-receipted income	Ψ	368,129	Ψ	359,145
Donations		258,012		195,491
Interest		3,823		7,577
		2,990,560		2,028,991
Expenses:				
Distributed food (gifts-in-kind)		2,361,872		1,468,244
Salaries and benefits		349,479		334,931
Food purchased		148,501		135,474
Administration		48,316		45,202
Other occupancy costs		26,155		23,586
Delivery		15,385		14,110
Repairs and maintenance		7,473		7,965
Audit fees		5,665		6,288
Insurance		3,884		3,657
Loss on disposal of capital assets		2,485		-
Advertising		342		2,525
Education and seminars		50		1,099
Interest charges		7		
		2,969,614		2,043,081
Earnings (loss) before the undernoted		20,946		(14,090)
Capital income (expense):				
Amortization of deferred capital contributions		13,558		9,217
Amortization of capital assets		(32,249)		(34,815)
		(18,691)		(25,598)
Excess of revenue over expenses				
(expenses over revenue)	\$	2,255	\$	(39,688)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015

Internally restricted										
				Operating		Capital	In	vestment in		
	U	nrestricted	re	serve fund	re	serve fund	ca	pital assets	2016	2015
Net assets, beginning of year	\$	210,770	\$	250,000	\$	131,180	\$	257,423	\$ 849,373	\$ 889,061
Excess of revenue over expenses (expenses over revenue) (note 3)		20,946		-		-		(18,691)	2,255	(39,688)
Net change in investment in capital assets (note 3)		(127)		-		-		127	-	-
Net assets, end of year	\$	231,589	\$	250,000	\$	131,180	\$	238,859	\$ 851,628	\$ 849,373

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2016, with comparative information for 2015

	2016	2015
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Excess of revenue over expenses		
(expenses over revenue)	\$ 2,255	\$ (39,688)
Items not involving cash:		, ,
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(13,558)	(9,217)
Amortization of capital assets	32,249	34,815
Loss on disposal of capital assets	2,485	_
Change in non-cash operating working capital:		
Accounts receivable and accrued interest	7,706	2,367
Prepaid expenses and deposits	-	2,322
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,011	5,728
Deferred capital contributions	-	34,217
	32,148	30,544
Investing activities:		
Decrease (increase) in investments, current portion	257,210	(257,210)
Decrease (increase) in investments, non-current portion	(263,285)	253,159
Purchase of capital assets	(2,612)	(34,217)
	(8,687)	(38,268)
Increase (decrease) in cash	23,461	(7,724)
Cash, beginning of year	334,301	342,025
Oash and of some	 057.700	 004.004
Cash, end of year	\$ 357,762	\$ 334,301

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2016

Partners in Mission Food Bank (the "Entity") is incorporated without share capital under the laws of Ontario, by Letters Patent. The Entity operates a community food bank and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada). Accordingly, the Entity is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act (Canada) are met.

## 1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting.

## (a) Revenue recognition:

The Entity follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include donations.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a declining balance basis, at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Restricted investment income is recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2016

## 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (b) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. Amortization is provided on the declining balance basis using the following annual rates:

Asset	Rate
D. 11.11	
Building	5%
Vehicles	10% to 20%
Equipment	7%
Office furniture and computer	
hardware	20%
Computer software	100%
Building improvements	20%
Outdoor equipment	5% to 20%

Construction-in-progress is not amortized until the project is complete and the facilities come into use.

## (c) Gifts-in-kind:

Gifts-in-kind are recorded at their estimated fair market value as both revenue and expenses on the "Statement of Operations", when fair market value can be reasonably estimated and when the Entity would otherwise have required these items.

### (d) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Entity has not elected to subsequently carry any financial instruments at fair value.

Financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the straight-line method.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2016

## 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (d) Financial instruments (continued):

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Entity determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Entity expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future period, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

## (e) Impairment of long-lived assets:

The Entity periodically reviews the useful lives and the carrying values of its long-lived assets. The Entity reviews for impairment long-lived asset groups whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. If the undiscounted future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of an asset is less than its carrying amount, it is considered to be impaired. An impairment loss is measured as the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value. When quoted market prices are not available, the Entity uses the expected future cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with the risks associated with the recovery of the asset as an estimate of fair value.

#### (f) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the useful life of capital assets and the amount recorded for donated food and distributed food (gifts-in-kind). Actual results could differ from those estimates. These estimates are reviewed annually and, as adjustments become necessary, they are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which they become known.

#### (a) Contributed services:

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of time each year to assist the entity in carrying out its service activities. Because of the difficulty in determining their fair market value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2016

## 2. Change in estimates:

In 2016, the Entity obtained a report from Food Banks Canada, who in partnership with the Neilson Company established a national value for donated food based on \$2.50 per pound of food distributed. The Entity applied this pricing, on a prospective basis, to the total pounds of hampers distributed during the year. Food, milk, and other supplies of \$2,360,596 were donated and distributed during the year and are included in the "Statement of Operations".

## 3. Investment in capital assets:

(a) The investment in capital assets is as follows:

	2016	2015
Capital assets	\$ 415,168	\$ 447,289
Less: Amounts financed by deferred capital contributions	(176,309)	(189,866)
	\$ 238,859	\$ 257,423

## (b) The change in investment in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2016	2015
Excess of expenses over revenue:		
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	\$ 13,558	\$ 9,217
Amortization of capital assets	(32,249)	(34,815)
	(18,691)	(25,598)
Net change in investment in capital assets:	, ,	, ,
Purchase of capital assets	2,612	34,217
Amounts funded by deferred contributions	· -	(34,217)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(2,485)	
	127	-
	\$ (18,564)	\$ (25,598)

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2016

## 4. Capital assets:

						2016		2015
			A	ccumulated		Net book		Net book
		Cost	а	mortization		value		value
Land	\$	67,252	\$	_	\$	67,252	\$	67,252
Building	Ψ	305,566	Ψ	140,795	Ψ	164,771	Ψ	173,443
Vehicles		159,781		94,345		65,436		80,838
Equipment		63,801		24,956		38,845		41,594
Office furniture and								
computer hardware		30,600		25,609		4,991		3,746
Computer software		2,456		2,456		=		-
Outdoor equipment		67,949		18,432		49,517		52,398
Building improvements		44,985		20,629		24,356		28,018
	\$	742,390	\$	327,222	\$	415,168	\$	447,289

Cost and accumulated amortization of capital assets at December 31, 2015 amounted to \$771,918 and \$324,629, respectively.

#### 5. Financial risks:

The Entity manages its investment portfolio to earn investment income and invests according to a Board policy. The Entity is not involved in any hedging relationships through its operations and does not hold or use any derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

The Entity believes that it is not exposed to significant interest-rate, market, credit or cash flow risk arising from its financial instruments.

Additionally, the Entity believes it is not exposed to significant liquidity risk as all investments are held in instruments that are highly liquid and can be disposed of to settle commitments. The fixed income securities yield interest between 0.85% and 0.95% and mature in January 2019.

## 6. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities:

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are government remittances payable of \$240 (2015 - \$240), which include amounts payable for harmonized sales tax and payroll-related taxes.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2016

## 7. Internally restricted:

The Entity's board of directors approved the following internally restricted funds:

Capital reserve fund:

Funds are to be set aside for all capital projects to be undertaken.

Operating reserve fund:

The primary objective is to set aside funds to ensure the Entity will be able to provide operating expenses for purchases and salaries to meet the needs of day-to-day operations.